

5.01 | INTERROGATORIES (RULE 33)

Interrogatories are written questions sent by one party to any other party to the lawsuit and must be answered in writing and under oath. Rule 33 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure covers interrogatories in detail. If you are serving interrogatories, you may not serve more than 25 interrogatories without the Court's permission.

If you are answering interrogatories, you must answer any interrogatory with all non-privileged information available to you without doing research. This means that if the answer is contained in your business records or personal files, you must look for the answer. You may object to an interrogatory seeking privileged information or that is overbroad, vague, or unduly burdensome. You must explain fully the reason for your objection. If you later learn that your answer is incomplete or incorrect, you must let the other side know and promptly supplement your original answer.

The interrogatories must be answered within 30 days and must be signed in accordance with Rule 26(g)(1). If you need more time to answer, you can request more time from the opposing party. If the opposing party does not agree, you can request more time from the Court by filing a motion.

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Honorable Mention: USNYND, USCAND)

